

Glossary

GBO (Global Biodiversity Outlook)	is published periodically and reports on the state of biodiversity on behalf of the UN.
Indigenous	domestic
Hybrid, hybrid	Organisms formed by mating of individuals of closely related species.
Grassland conversion	Conversion of arable land into grassland
Pesticides	are contained as active ingredients in crop protection products and biocides and are used for pest control.
Herbicides	are used against undesirable plants, e.g. in the grain field
Plantation	planting of crops (fruit) in monocultures for food production
Flowering strips	are located at the edge of fields, are intended to increase biodiversity
Six-legged	Other expression for insects
Meagre meadow	unfertilized meadow, the cuttings are removed
Conventional agriculture	hitherto commonly used agriculture, Contrast: organic farming
Organic farming	produces food in an environmentally friendly and species-appropriate manner
Subsidies	earmarked subsidy granted by the public sector



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Transformation	Fundamental change
Death Zones	Zones with oxygen, created by strong Oxygen scavengers
Degradation processes	on the seabed, caused by over-fertilization (eutrophication)
Eutrophication	undesirable nutrient increase in a water body with heavy plant cover
Veterinary medicine	medicine for animals
Human medicine	medicine for humans
Greening	Comprises <u>three</u> measures 1. Preservation of permanent green areas 2. Increased diversity in the cultivation of crops 3. Provision of ecological priority areas
Nitrous oxide	used in industrial processes and released in agriculture
Methane	(CH ₄) is a dangerous greenhouse gas because it remains in the atmosphere 28 times longer than CO ₂ . It is produced in agriculture (rice fields), during the rotting of organic material and especially in cattle farming

